

## 19.—Race Track Betting in Canada, fiscal years 1924-34.

Fiscal Year.	Number of Associations.	Number of Days Racing.	Amounts Wagered.	Pari-Mutuel Receipts Retained.	Prize Money.
			\$	\$	\$
1924.....	30	354	52,600,633	3,496,891	2,023,665
1925.....	33	344	49,867,765	3,359,708	1,925,735
1926.....	32	322	44,346,672	3,018,358	1,807,780
1927.....	31	354	47,915,828	3,278,179	2,034,587
1928.....	32	350	45,960,928	3,154,644	1,973,730
1929.....	30	335	45,580,845	3,104,456	1,886,800
1930.....	30	332	36,007,146	2,657,059	1,802,095
1931.....	30	326	33,377,786	2,379,558	1,564,945
1932.....	29	315	23,695,438	2,066,672	1,285,563
1933.....	28	324	25,137,598	1,831,411	1,147,871
1934.....	26	295	20,976,498	1,548,848	986,128

## 20.—Race Track Betting in Canada, by Provinces, fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 1934.

Province.	Number of Associations.	Number of Days Racing.	Amounts Wagered.	Pari-Mutuel Receipts Retained.	Prize Money.
			\$	\$	\$
Quebec.....	4	56	1,761,559	131,356	130,700
Ontario.....	8	105	13,124,474	949,282	530,500
Manitoba.....	3	35	2,408,076	179,269	115,000
Saskatchewan.....	2	12	287,161	35,993	20,450
Alberta.....	5	30	840,077	62,963	58,228
British Columbia.....	4	57	2,555,151	189,985	131,250
<b>Totals.....</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>20,976,498</b>	<b>1,548,848</b>	<b>986,128</b>

## Section 12.—The Tariff Board.\*

The Tariff Board was constituted by Act of Parliament in 1931 (C. 55, 21-22 Geo. V). It consists of three members, a Chairman, a Vice-Chairman and a Member), and a Secretary, all appointed by the Governor in Council. The personnel of the Board was appointed in February, 1933. The first public sitting was held in July, 1933.

The constitution and duties of the Board are defined in two parts of the Act of 1931.

Under Part I, the Board makes inquiry into and reports upon any matter on which the Minister of Finance desires information, in relation to any goods which, if brought into Canada or produced in Canada, are subject to or exempt from duties or customs or excise. The investigation into any such matter may include inquiry as to the effect which an increase or decrease of the existing rate of duty upon a given commodity might have upon industry or trade, and the extent to which the consumer is protected from exploitation.

It is also the duty of the Board to inquire into any other matter or thing in relation to the trade or commerce of Canada which the Governor in Council sees fit to refer to the Board for inquiry and report.

In accordance with the provisions of Articles 10 to 15 of the United Kingdom-Canada Trade Agreement, His Majesty's Government in Canada has undertaken

\* Contributed by James R. MacGregor, Secretary, Tariff Board.